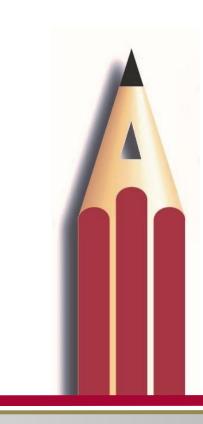
### **MusickPeeler**

NEW LEGAL DEVELOPMENTS IN THE WORLD OF CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019

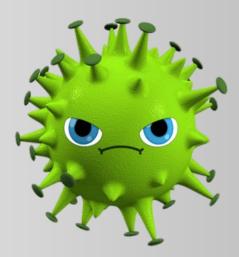


ALLIANCE OF SCHOOLS FOR COOPERATIVE INSURANCE PROGRAMS



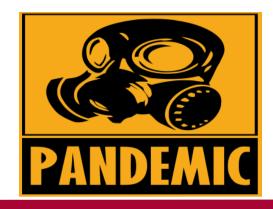
Kristine E. Kwong, Esq.

May 18, 2020



#### AGENDA

- Pandemics and the workplace
- Americans with Disabilities and pandemic planning
- Mandatory Testing
- Medical Confidentiality
- Employees predisposed to catching COVID-19
  - Reasonable accommodation
- Families First Coronavirus Response Act





#### WHAT'S A "PANDEMIC?"

- On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a pandemic
- According to CDC, pandemic is a virus that easily spreads in efficient and sustained way
- World has seen 4 influenza pandemics in last century
  - 1918 Spanish flu
  - 1950-1960 Asian flu
  - 2003 SARS (pandemic "scare")
  - 2009 H1N1 outbreak



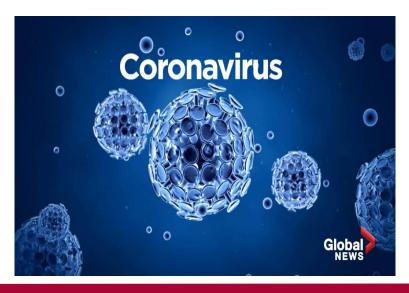
#### SYMPTOMS OF CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 19

### CDC: symptoms

 Cough, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing;

OR

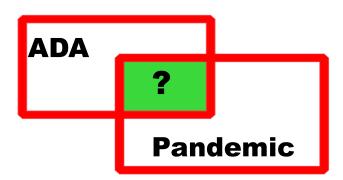
- At least two of the following:
  - Fever
  - Chills
  - Repeated shaking with chills
  - Muscle pain
  - Headache
  - Sore throat
  - New loss of taste or smell





#### AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT

ADA and pandemics: What's the intersection?



- Three ways ADA affects pandemics at work
  - Disability related inquires: regulates disabilityrelated inquiries and medical exams
  - Prohibition from work: ADA prohibits excluding employees with disabilities from work for health & safety reasons unless there is a "direct threat"
  - Reasonable accommodation: ADA requires "reasonable accommodation" for individuals with disabilities



#### ADA and Pandemics

- Disability-related inquiries
- Definition: a question that is likely to elicit information about a disability
- Examples:
  - Are you immune compromised?
    - A YES is associated with medical conditions like cancer
  - Do you have COVID-19?





#### ADA AND PANDEMICS

- What's a medical exam?
- Definition: procedure or test that seeks information about person's physical or mental impairments or health.
- ADA standards for disability related inquiries and medical exams:
  - During employment: ADA prohibits both unless it is both:
    - Job related and
    - Consistent with business necessity



#### ADA AND PANDEMICS

"Job-related" and "Business necessity"

- Definition: Objective evidence that:
  - Employee's ability to perform essential job functions impaired
  - Employee will pose a direct threat due to a medical

condition





#### ADA AND PANDEMICS

#### What's a "Direct Threat"?

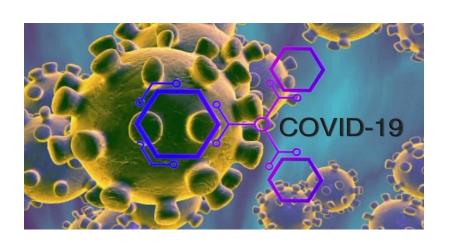
#### Definition

- A significant risk of substantial harm to the health or safety of the person or others that cannot be eliminated or reduced by reasonable accommodation
- NOT required to accommodate if person with disability poses direct threat despite reasonable accommodation



#### COVID-19 AND DIRECT THREAT

 As of March 2020, CDC and public health authorities acknowledged community spread and EEOC promulgated guidance employee with COVID-19 or symptoms of it, present at work, poses a DIRECT THREAT





# ADA-COMPLIANT EMPLOYER PRACTICES FOR PANDEMIC PREPAREDNESS

- EEOC guidelines on Pandemic Planning
- Identify a Pandemic Team
  - One person with EEOC expertise
  - Include employees with disabilities
  - Risk Management
  - Public relations persons





# ADA/PANDEMIC PLANNING

- Employees more susceptible to catching COVID
- Are you allowed to ask all employees to disclose if they have a compromised immune system or other chronic health conditions that makes them more susceptible?
  - NO such an inquiry violates ADA
    - Is a prohibited disability-related inquiry
    - Unless have objective evidence that pandemic symptoms will cause a direct threat to self or others



# DURING A PANDEMIC/WHAT CAN YOU DO?

#### Employees displaying CV symptoms at work

- During a pandemic, ER may send employee home
- ER may prohibit employees CV positive or CV symptoms from entering the workplace
- ER may ask if employee has been tested for CV
- ER may not ask these questions if teleworking since employees are not interacting with co-workers
- Sending employee home is not a disabilityrelated inquiry since illness poses a direct threat to others



# DURING PANDEMIC/WHAT CAN YOU DO?

Degree of Information To Obtain from an Employee who report feeling ill at work or call in sick

 ER may ask if they have CV symptoms to determine if they have CV-19

Information obtained is confidential medical record



# DURING A PANDEMIC/WHAT CAN YOU DO?

- Asking Employees if they have associated with Family Members that have CV?
  - Limiting this inquiry to just family members may violate the Generic Information Nondiscrimination Act and limits the extent of the employee's potential exposure
  - Suggestion: Ask the employee if she/he has had contact with someone who the employees knows has CV or CV symptoms



# DURING A PANDEMIC/WHAT CAN YOU DO?

#### Taking Employees' Temperatures at Work?

- Temperature taking is a medical exam
- But, since CDC acknowledged community spread of CV-19, ER may measure body temperature
- Subject to medical confidentiality



- If CDC states those traveled to certain countries stay at home to ensure no CV-19 symptoms, ER may ask employees if they traveled to those places
  - DO NOT ask if they only visited Wuhan, China



# DURING PANDEMIC/WHAT CAN YOU DO?

- My employee refuses to let me take his/her temperature and refuses to answer my symptoms checklist or tell me if they had CV!
  - Per the EEOC, the ADA may prohibit the employee from coming to work
    - Suggest asking the employee why he/she is refusing to answer
    - Reassure them of medical confidentiality



#### MEDICAL CONFIDENTIALITY

- Asking about symptoms and CV diagnosis protected under <u>medical confidentiality</u>
- ER may not disclose to co-workers information obtained through questioning employee about CV
- All "need to know" management should be advised about medical confidentiality





#### MEDICAL CONFIDENTIALITY

• Is this legal to announce at work?

• "JANE DOE ON THE FOURTH FLOOR HAS COVID-19. IF YOU HAVE BEEN AROUND HER, PLEASE REPORT TO THE PANDEMIC TEAM RIGHT AWAY."



#### AGE RELATED ISSUES

- CDC identified those age 65 and older at higher risk of severe illness
- May an ER exclude employees over 65 from coming to work?
  - NO. Such an exclusion is a form of age discrimination





#### **TELEWORKING**

- Must an ER allow those in high risk categories to telework? (65+, pregnant, chronic conditions)
- Employees' request to telework should be treated that same as those similarly situated





#### ADA AND MEDICAL CONDITIONS

- CDC identified several medical conditions
  - Chronic lung disease, heart conditions, diabetes
- Requesting different work arrangements (i.e., teleworking) is request for <u>reasonable</u> accommodation
- May verify employee has disability
- May verify accommodation is needed because disability places employee at greater risk
  - Getting to a doctor may be difficult. Consider alternative forms of verification



# REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS/ TELEWORK

- If teleworking during pandemic, must the ER continue teleworking arrangement after the pandemic?
  - NO
  - ER needs to understand the disability-related limits of employee
  - If there are disability-related limits, ER may explore other forms of accommodation
  - ER needs to remove essential functions in accommodating employee



#### AFTER THE PANDEMIC

- Medical notes/Fitness to Return to Work
- ADA permits ER to require employees who have been away from work due to pandemic to provide doctor's note certifying fitness to return to work
  - Note: providers may be too busy to provide note and alternate documents may be necessary such as a form, email, stamp, etc.



- Families First Coronavirus Response Act
  - Signed on March 18, 2020
  - Effective April 2, 2020
  - Provides emergency paid sick leave and expanded Family and Medical Leave until <u>December 31, 2020</u>
- Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act
  - No length of employment eligibility required
- Emergency Family and Medical Leave
  Expansion Act



- Who is a covered employer
  - Private employers fewer than 500 employees
  - Most public sector employers







- Emergency Paid Sick Leave
- Duration up to 80 hours of paid sick leave
  - May not force employees to use accrued sick leave first
- Unable to work because:
  - Government issued quarantine/isolation order
  - 2. Advised by provider to self-quarantine due to CV
  - 3. Experienced CV symptoms and seeking diagnosis
  - 4. Caring for someone subject to quarantine/self isolation
  - Caring for child whose school/childcare center is closed
  - 6. Experienced similar conditions specified by HHS



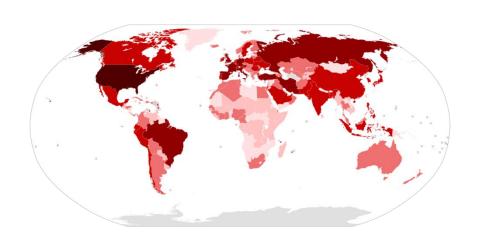
#### **Emergency Paid Sick Leave**

- How much to pay employee depends on the reasons for the leave
- Reasons 1-3
  - Paid at the Regular Rate of Pay
  - Maximum of \$511 per day and \$5,110 in aggregate





- Emergency Paid Sick Leave
- Reasons 4 6:
  - Pay 2/3<sup>rd</sup> of the Regular Rate of Pay
    - May supplement 1/3<sup>rd</sup> with PTO
  - Max of \$200 per day and \$2,000 in aggregate





- Expanded Family and Medical Leave Act
  - Provided up to 10 weeks of leave
    - Intermittent leave only if ER agrees
  - Eligibility Requirements
    - Employed at least 30 calendar days
  - Reasons for leave
    - Unable to work or telework because:
      - Care for child whose school/childcare has been closed due to CV public health emergency





#### **Expanded Family and Medical Leave**

- How to pay employee
  - First 2 weeks First 10 days at 2/3<sup>rd</sup> pay
    - May supplement with any paid time off (i.e., vacation)
  - How to pay the remaining 10 weeks
    - 2/3<sup>rd</sup> regular rate of pay for number of hours would have worked
      - Max at \$200/day
  - \$12,000 aggregate maximum
    - ER may require EE exhaust vacation/personal leave first
      - Balance of 10 weeks paid at 2/3<sup>rd</sup> pay
        - Max at \$200 per day and \$10,000 aggregate



- Right of Job Restoration
- Fewer than 25 employees
  - No right of reinstatement if position no longer exists due to operating conditions caused by public health emergency while on leave and ER makes efforts to restore to equivalent condition
- Fewer than 50 employees
  - Secretary of Labor may exempt small businesses if jeopardizes viability of businesses



#### **EXECUTIVE ORDER N-62-20**

- Ex. Order signed May 6, 2020
- WC benefits extended for employees who test positive for CV19
- CV related illness presumed to arise out of employment if:
  - Tested + or diagnosed within 14 days of work at place of work
  - Work occurred after March 19, 2020
  - Place of employment not the employee's residence
  - Diagnosis by physician with physician and surgeon license and confirmed by further testing within 30 days



#### **EXECUTIVE ORDER N-62-20**

- Presumption is disputable with contrary evidence
- If claim is not rejected in 30 days, illness presumed compensable
- Eligible for all benefits including:
  - Hospital, surgical, medical, disability indemnity, death benefits
  - Must exhaust paid sick leave benefits, including CV sick leave benefits



### **EXECUTIVE ORDER N-62-20**

# Discuss with ASCIP &

# Michael Sullivan

**Workers' Compensation Roundtable Zoom Chat** 

Friday, May 22 11:30 am – 1:00 pm



#### CALIF. STATE DISABILITY INSURANCE

- Unable to work due to illness, including CV
- Employee may apply for SDI
- Provide SDI Brochure 2515 to employee
- Wage replacement benefit up to 52 weeks
  - Up to 60% to 70% of normal wages
  - Weekly cap of \$1,300
  - ER may integrate sick leave with SDI benefits











#### PAID FAMILY LEAVE BENEFITS

- PFL when caring for ill or quarantined family members with CV
- Up to 60% to 70% of normal wages
  - May integrate with paid time off
- Cap of \$1,300 for 6 weeks in 12 month period
- May apply for PFL on-line
- Provide employee with PFL Brochure 2511
- Family member
  - Child, parent, parent in law, grand parent, grandchild, sibling, spouse, or registered domestic partner



ALLIANCE OF SCHOOLS FOR COOPERATIVE INSURANCE PROGRAMS



# MusickPeeler

