ALLIANCE OF SCHOOLS FOR COOPERATIVE INSURANCE PROGRAMS

## On The Alert!

Date: August 26, 2019 Attention: ASCIP Members

Affected Areas: Risk Management & Information Technology (IT)

Applicability: K-12 Districts & Charter Schools

## STATE OF EMERGENCY - CYBERSECURITY INCIDENT

On July 24, 2019, Louisiana Governor John Bel Edwards <u>issued a state-wide Emergency Declaration</u> in response to a cybersecurity incident that affected several local government agencies, including several school districts. Cybersecurity incidents seem to be a common occurrence. According to the State of K-12 Cybersecurity, a U.S. school district becomes the victim of a cyber-attack almost as often as every three days. They include data breaches, phishing scams, and ransomware attacks. According to Doug Levin, author of "<u>The State of K-12 Cybersecurity: 2018 Year in Review</u>", this figure represents only the tip of the iceberg. Therefore, school districts need to bolster their efforts towards preventing these types of incidents.

## **RECOMMENDED ACTIONS**

Districts and charter schools should implement a data breach response plan and a cybersecurity risk management program. These programs should take into account processes that protect data systems by engaging in a continuous cycle of assessing for risk vulnerabilities, detecting potential threats, providing education, and training and timely responding to attacks and recovery efforts. Other actions to consider include:

- Conduct security audits to identify weaknesses and update/patch vulnerable systems
  - Security audits such as vulnerability scans should be conducted on an annual basis & proceed as a continuous security improvement
  - Test patches & upgrades before implanting into production
- Create and routinely review audit logs for suspicious activity, and retain as needed
- Train staff and students on data security best practices and how to recognize social engineering tactics by scammers
  - Raise awareness by conducting random phishing tests & provide online training to identify fraudulent or malicious emails and phone calls
- Limit access to sensitive data
  - o Provide access on an as needed basis
  - o Encrypt sensitive information when data at rest or in motion

## **RESOURCES**

- https://k12cybersecure.com/resources/
- U.S. Department of Education. "<u>Security Best Practices</u>." Privacy Technical Assistance Center (PTAC) and the Family Policy Compliance Office (FPCO).
- Consortium for School Networking (CoSN). "Cybersecurity for the Digital District, a CoSN Leadership Initiative" (Note: some resources require log-in/membership to access)
- https://studentprivacy.ed.gov/